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ABSTRACT

Thirteen statistical tables present information on foreign language offerings and enrollments in the United States of America and include: (1) total foreign language enrollments, (2) continuity of study trends, (3) high school offerings (percent offering foreign languages and state rank), (4) enrollments in Latin, French, German, Italian, Russian, Spanish, and other languages (courses 1-4), (5) geographical distribution, and (6) foreign language enrollments in secondary school, grades 7-8. Introductory remarks and analyses of tables accompany the survey results. (RL)

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FOREIGN LANGUAGE OFFERINGS AND ENROLLMENTS IN PUBLIC SECONDARY SCHOOLS, FALL 1960

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FOREIGN LANGUAGE OFFERINGS AND ENROLLMENTS IN PUBLIC SECONDARY SCHOOLS, FALL 1960

By J. WESLEY CHILDERS
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HIGHLIGHTS

1. Modern-foreign-language enrollments in the public secondary schools (grades 9-12) were 1,872,946 in the fall of 1960, an increase of 19.7 per cent over 1959, and of 44.5 per cent since the fall of 1958.
2. Enrollments in modern foreign languages were 21.7 per cent of the total high-school population in 1960, a rise from 19.1 per cent in 1959 and 16.4 per cent in 1958.
3. Enrollments in all foreign languages, including Latin, in 1960 were 2,534,731, an increase of 15.0 per cent in one year, and a 32.5 per cent increase since the fall of 1958. The 1960 enrollments were 29.3 per cent of the total high-school population, up from 26.9 per cent in 1959 and 24.3 per cent in 1958.
4. Spanish, French, Latin, and German accounted for 98.5 per cent of all language enrollments, with per cents of 36.9, 29.5, 20.1, and 6.0 respectively.
5. In enrollments, French replaced Latin as the number two high-school language. French has increased 55.8 per cent since 1958.
6. Though German increased 22.4 per cent over 1959 and 62.6 per cent over the fall of 1958, enrollments are still low in comparison with those in Spanish, French, and Latin.
7. On the national scale, continuity of study of the six principal foreign languages (Course II 1959 into Course III 1960) was 24.6 per cent, a rise of two per cent over the previous year.
8. In 1960, foreign languages were offered by 72.8 per cent of the high schools (70.4 per cent in 1959); modern foreign languages, by 60.8 per cent (60.0 per cent in 1959).

INTRODUCTION

FOR three consecutive years, the Modern Language Association has collected data on the status of foreign-language teaching in the public secondary schools of the United States. The two earlier reports, "Foreign Language Offerings and Enrollments in Public Secondary

Schools, Fall 1958," and "Foreign Language Offerings and Enrollments in Public Secondary Schools, Fall 1959," were prepared for the U. S. Office of Education pursuant to contracts under the National Defense Education Act. The present report on offerings and enrollments for the fall of 1960 has been an independent project undertaken by the MLA as a public service and financed by funds from its Foreign Language Program. The same type of questionnaire and the same method of tabulation were used as in earlier surveys so that comparisons would be valid.

In this report all enrollment figures are the actual ones received for fall 1960, except for the estimated foreign-language enrollments for California and Connecticut, and for the use of 1959 data for Iowa. Per cents and ranks are compared with those of 1959 wherever possible. Per cents are rounded off to the nearest tenth, except in the separate language enrollment tables for German, Italian, and Russian, where small fractional per cents are not changed.

Estimated Enrollments: California reported data for 1959 and 1961. The 1960 data were estimated by adding one half of the two-year increase to the totals reported in 1959. Connecticut reported from schools which were 76.4 per cent of the State's total high-school population. Since 94.0 per cent of Connecticut's schools offer foreign languages, the data for all foreign languages were expanded from 76.4 to 100 per cent. Iowa did not collect foreign-language enrollments for 1960; therefore, 1959 data were used.

Texas Data for 1959 and 1960: The MLA sent questionnaires (and follow-up letters when necessary) to each Texas school district, asking for enrollment data for 1959 and 1960. The exact figures sent for each of the two years are shown in this report. Since Texas did not report 1959 data for the MLA's publication on foreign-language offerings and enrollments for that year, 1958 data were used. With the subsequent receipt of 1959 figures, the previous report for 1959 can now be revised and made more accurate.

Revision of 1959 Data: National totals for 1959, cited in the present report, differ in some respects from totals previously published by the MLA. Foreign-language data for 1959 were re-

ceived from Texas, and these new data have been used in place of the 1958 data previously used. The national totals, as well as those for Texas, have been adjusted to include these changes, making more exact the comparisons with data for 1960.

Special Explanations: Abbreviations: The following abbreviations have been used in the text, charts, and tables of this report: FL(s), Foreign Language(s); HS, High School; HSP, High School Population; MFL(s), Modern Foreign Language(s); MLA, Modern Language Association.

Combination courses: Combination courses III and IV were recorded with 80 per cent of the enrollments in Course III and 20 per cent in Course IV, the proportions for separately listed courses III and IV.

Conversation courses: When no course level was given for conversation courses, the enrollments were assigned to Course I.

Courses I-V: In this report, courses I-V are used in the commonly accepted sense. Whether in junior or senior high school, Course I, for example, is the first full year of formal language study in the secondary school, granting a unit of credit; courses II, III, IV, and V are the second, third, fourth, and fifth full years of language study on the secondary level.

General Language: Enrollments in General or Exploratory Language courses were not included in the totals.

"Other" enrollments: "Other" enrollments given for a specific language, but unspecified as to course level, were assigned to Course I.

State totals: State totals only were given for specific languages in the Iowa report, unclassified as to language-course levels, and these figures were put in a column marked "unclassified."

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NATIONAL ENROLLMENTS

At the end of the second full year of the National Defense Education Act's support of modern-foreign-language teaching, enrollments in all modern foreign languages offered in the fall of 1960 in public secondary schools of the United States were 1,872,946, an increase of 19.7 per cent over the fall of 1959, and of 44.5 per cent since the fall of 1958. The 1960 enrollments were 21.7 per cent of the high-school population in grades 9-12, a rise from 19.1 per cent in 1959.

The upswing in modern-foreign-language enrollments had its counterpart in increased enrollments in all foreign languages: 2,534,731, an increase of 15.0 per cent over 1959 and 32.5 per cent over 1958. This was 29.3 per cent of the high-school population, grades 9-12, up from 27.0 per cent in 1959.

Forty-nine states (all except Utah) and the District of Columbia show increased modern-foreign-language enrollments; the same number of states (all except Alabama) and the District of

Columbia show increases in all foreign-language enrollments.

French, German, Latin, Russian, and Spanish show enrollment gains over 1959; Italian shows a loss, as it did in the 1959 survey. Spanish, Latin, and French are still the chief languages (92.5%) studied by high-school students.

Although Latin enrollments were higher in 1960 than in 1959, the per cent of its enrollments to the total high-school population declined slightly, from 7.8 in 1959 to 7.6 in 1960. Latin's per cent of total foreign-language enrollments also dropped from 29.0 in 1959 to 26.1 in 1960.

Chief gainer at the expense of Latin was French, which took over the second position (after Spanish) in total high-school language enrollments. French also gained slightly (2.1%) in per cent of total modern-foreign-language enrollments.

Chart A gives a summary of the 1958, 1959, and 1960 enrollments and per cents for each of the six principal foreign languages taught in public high schools.

ANALYSIS OF SUMMARY TABLES 1-4

Table 1 presents the total high-school pupil enrollment reported for grades 9-12 (column 2) and the total modern-foreign-language enrollments in Courses I-V (column 3). Column 4 gives the 1959 enrollments in modern foreign languages; the per cent of increase (1960 over 1959) is shown in column 5. The per cent of modern-foreign-language students to the total high-school population in each state is shown in columns 6 and 7, and columns 8 and 9 show the ranking of the states in regard to these per cents. Column 10 lists the gain or loss in the per cents given in columns 6 and 7.

Rhode Island, with 39.3 per cent of its 1960 high-school students enrolled in modern foreign languages, ranked first among the states. Note, however, that its total high-school population

and its total modern-foreign-language enrollments are small. New York, with its tremendous enrollments, had a large increase in foreign-language students in 1960, but its considerable increase in total pupil population caused its per cent of language enrollments (37.9) to fall below that of Rhode Island.

In addition to Rhode Island and New York, eleven states and the District of Columbia had more than 25 per cent of their high-school students enrolled in modern foreign languages, a net gain of four states over 1959 and five over 1958: New Jersey (36.8%), Delaware (35.6%), California (35.5%), New Mexico (33.8%), Massachusetts (33.6%), Connecticut (31.2%), Arizona (30.2%), Maryland (29.9%), Pennsylvania (29.1%), District of Columbia (27.9%), New Hampshire (27.8%), and Washington (26.9%).

Only nine states had fewer than ten per cent of their high-school students enrolled in modern foreign languages in 1960, a reduction from fourteen states in 1959 and twenty in 1958. These nine states were: Tennessee (9.7%), South Dakota (9.0%), Kentucky (8.5%), West Virginia (8.2%), Alabama (7.8%), North Dakota (7.2%), Iowa (6.7%), Arkansas (6.6%), and Mississippi (5.0%).

Eighteen states showed an increase of more than 25 per cent in modern-foreign-language enrollments: New Mexico (71.2%), Hawaii (61.5%), Arkansas (47.5%), Kansas (41.8%), North Dakota (40.9%), Texas (39.3%), Nebraska (37.9%), Wisconsin (36.7%), Pennsylvania (36.6%), Arizona (35.6%), Missouri (35.0%), Maryland (33.6%), South Dakota (31.6%), Georgia (29.5%), Mississippi (28.5%), Washington (27.3%), Oklahoma (27.0%), and Virginia (25.3%). Utah was the only state with an actual decrease (2.1%) in enrollments; though Massachusetts, New Jersey, and New York showed small per cent losses in terms of the total

CHART A. FOREIGN LANGUAGE ENROLLMENTS AND PER CENTS IN 1958-60

Language	FL Enrollments			Per Cent of HS Population 9-12			Per Cent of FL Enrollments			Per Cent of MFL Enrollments			Per Cent of Change in Enrollments		
	1958	1959 ¹	1960	1958	1959	1960	1958	1959	1960	1958	1959	1960	58-59	59-60	58-60
Spanish	691,024	802,266	935,418	8.7	9.8	10.8	36.1	36.3	36.9	53.3	51.3	49.9	16.1	16.6	35.4
French	479,769	603,733	747,486	6.1	7.4	8.6	25.0	27.4	29.5	37.0	38.6	39.9	25.8	23.8	55.8
Latin	617,500	639,776	661,563	7.8	7.8	7.6	32.2	29.0	26.1	—	—	—	3.6	3.4	7.1
German	93,054	123,581	151,261	1.2	1.5	1.7	4.8	5.6	6.0	7.2	7.9	8.1	32.8	22.4	62.6
Italian	22,133	21,118	20,026	0.3	0.3	0.2	1.1	1.0	0.8	1.7	1.3	1.1	-4.6	-5.2	-9.5
Russian	4,055	7,513	9,607	0.05	0.09	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	85.3	27.9	136.9
Other	5,909	6,897	9,370	0.07	0.08	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	16.7	35.9	58.6

¹ Totals revised to include 1959 Texas data. See Introduction, "Texas Data for 1959 and 1960."

TABLE 1. TOTAL MODERN-FOREIGN-LANGUAGE ENROLLMENTS,¹ FALL 1960

1	HSP (9-12) 1960	MFL I-V 1960	MFL I-V 1959	MFL % of Change	Per Cent of HSP in MFL I-V With Ranks				Change in % 10
					1960	1959	Rank		
							1960 8	1959 9	
Alabama	173,763	13,631	13,302	2.5	7.8	7.4	47	45	0.4
Alaska	7,651	1,162	1,029	12.9	15.2	14.2	30	28	1.0
Arizona	66,463	20,085	14,814	35.6	30.2	28.7	9	8	1.5
Arkansas	103,730	6,803	4,613	47.5	6.6	4.7	50	50	1.9
California ²	746,791	265,191	225,100	17.8	35.5	30.8	5	6	4.7
Colorado	89,991	21,465	18,047	18.9	23.9	21.7	16	16	2.2
Connecticut ²	111,728	34,805	30,241	15.1	31.2	26.9	8	9	4.4
Delaware	19,781	7,033	6,230	12.9	35.6	34.0	4	5	1.6
D. of Columbia	18,546	5,172	4,984	3.8	27.9	26.9	12	9	1.0
Florida	228,704	44,116	37,551	17.5	19.3	18.0	23	21	1.3
Georgia	211,442	30,397	23,478	29.5	14.4	11.6	32	34	2.8
Hawaii	35,456	4,366	2,703	61.5	12.3	8.1	36	43	4.2
Idaho	42,348	6,356	5,654	12.4	15.0	13.1	31	30	1.9
Illinois	426,404	86,853	82,155	5.7	20.4	20.1	20	18	0.3
Indiana	230,135	28,062	23,807	17.9	12.2	10.1	37	37	2.1
Iowa ³	137,086	9,208	9,208	0.0	6.7	6.7	49	47	0.0
Kansas	123,214	20,434	14,406	41.8	16.6	13.2	26	29	3.4
Kentucky	142,253	12,048	10,454	15.2	8.5	7.7	45	44	0.8
Louisiana	158,887	17,455	14,955	16.7	11.0	9.9	41	38	1.2
Maine	48,537	10,836	9,140	18.6	22.3	20.1	19	18	2.2
Maryland	140,870	42,101	31,524	33.6	29.9	24.0	10	12	5.9
Massachusetts	225,234	75,727	68,923	9.9	33.6	34.3	7	4	-0.7
Michigan	375,730	57,583	47,490	21.3	15.3	12.9	29	31	2.4
Minnesota	183,813	21,871	19,887	10.0	11.9	11.1	38	35	0.8
Mississippi	114,500	5,752	4,477	28.5	5.0	3.9	51	51	1.1
Missouri	202,643	22,803	16,894	35.0	11.3	8.5	40	42	2.8
Montana	36,286	4,981	4,442	12.1	13.7	12.5	33	33	1.2
Nebraska	68,759	8,171	5,926	37.9	11.9	8.9	38	41	3.0
Nevada	13,968	3,456	3,210	7.7	24.7	24.6	15	11	0.1
New Hampshire	25,185	6,994	5,951	17.5	27.8	23.0	13	13	4.8
New Jersey	263,483	97,091	90,957	6.7	36.8	37.1	3	2	-0.3
New Mexico	53,541	18,119	10,581	71.2	33.8	29.7	6	7	4.1
New York	713,275	270,198	234,637	15.2	37.9	39.7	2	1	-1.8
North Carolina	266,433	53,131	45,246	17.4	19.9	17.3	22	22	2.6
North Dakota	35,600	2,565	1,821	40.9	7.2	5.1	48	49	2.1
Ohio	444,656	74,405	63,917	16.4	16.7	15.0	25	27	1.7
Oklahoma	144,421	17,871	14,074	27.0	12.4	10.2	35	36	2.2
Oregon	110,386	18,522	15,255	21.4	16.8	15.2	24	25	1.6
Pennsylvania	511,392	148,718	108,873	36.6	29.1	21.3	11	17	7.8
Rhode Island	31,408	12,325	10,685	15.1	39.3	35.0	1	3	4.3
South Carolina	127,657	16,374	14,705	11.3	12.8	12.8	34	32	0.0
South Dakota	38,136	3,450	2,522	31.6	9.0	7.1	44	46	1.9
Tennessee	189,223	18,367	16,778	9.5	9.7	9.2	43	39	0.5
Texas ⁴	472,873	96,589	69,341	39.3	20.4	15.3	20	24	5.1
Utah	58,473	9,116	9,312	-2.1	15.6	16.2	28	23	-0.6
Vermont	16,521	3,877	3,506	10.6	23.5	21.8	17	15	1.7
Virginia	180,256	41,412	33,042	25.3	23.0	18.3	18	20	4.7
Washington	159,006	42,698	33,529	27.3	26.9	22.2	14	14	4.7
West Virginia	107,773	8,848	7,102	24.6	8.2	6.6	46	48	1.6
Wisconsin	196,658	21,328	15,607	36.7	10.8	9.0	42	40	1.8
Wyoming	18,426	3,025	2,698	12.1	16.4	15.2	27	25	1.2
U.S.A. ⁵	8,649,495	1,872,946	1,564,883	19.7	21.7	19.1	—	—	2.6

¹ All enrollments are the actual data sent, unless otherwise indicated.² Estimated enrollments. See Introduction.³ 1959 data used.⁴ See Introduction, "Texas Data for 1959 and 1960."⁵ See Introduction, "Revision of 1959 Data."

high-school population. Three states showed a gain of more than five per cent in modern-foreign-language enrollments within the total high-school population: Pennsylvania (7.8%), Maryland (5.9%), and Texas (5.1%).

Table 2 summarizes the total foreign-language enrollments (Latin and Greek added to modern foreign languages), with per cents, gains or losses, and ranks compared with those of 1959. Column 5 shows the per cent of increase in enrollments from the fall of 1959 to the fall of 1960. Column 10 shows the per cent of gain or loss (since the fall of 1959) of all foreign-language enrollments in terms of the total high-school population.

Rhode Island, with 52.6 per cent of its high-school pupils enrolled in a foreign language, ranked first. Massachusetts ranked second with 50.3 per cent. Seven other states had more than 40 per cent enrolled in foreign languages: Delaware (49.1%), New Jersey (47.5%), Connecticut (45.8%), New York (45.2%), Pennsylvania (41.8%), New Hampshire (41.4%), and California (40.4%).

Only two states (Arkansas with 9.3% and Mississippi with 7.9%) had fewer than ten per cent of their high-school students enrolled in foreign languages in the fall of 1960. Alabama was the only state with a decrease (7.2%) in foreign-language enrollments in 1960, though four other states (Illinois, New Jersey, New York, and Utah) showed a per cent loss in terms of total high-school population.

Table 3 shows, for the six principal languages, the per cent of students enrolled in Course II in 1959 who continued into Course III in 1960. Though the per cent (24.6) is still disappointingly low for all foreign-language students, it is up from 22.6 per cent in 1959. In modern foreign languages, the situation is somewhat better: 25.7 per cent continuity in 1959 and 29.6 per cent in 1960. In the separate language tables 5-10, the per cent of continuity is shown for each language. These per cents, compared with those for 1959, are shown in Chart B.

New York ranked first among the states with 56.7 per cent of its foreign-language students continuing from Course II in 1959 into Course III in 1960. Eight other states and the District of Columbia had 25 per cent or more: Rhode Island (38.3%), California (35.1%), Indiana (33.7%),

Massachusetts (31.6%), Connecticut (30.9%), Washington (30.0%), Nebraska (28.1%), District of Columbia (25.8%), and Kansas (25.3%). Six states had fewer than five per cent of 1959 Course II students in 1960 Course III: South Carolina (4.5%), Georgia (3.9%), North Carolina (3.7%), West Virginia (3.6%), North Dakota (3.5%), and Hawaii (0.9%).

The national per cent of continuity in *modern* foreign languages was 29.6 in 1960. New York was far in the lead with 64.7 per cent. Fifteen other states had more than 25 per cent: Rhode Island (46.5%), Indiana (44.7%), California (38.0%), Connecticut (33.9%), Pennsylvania (33.8%), Massachusetts (33.7%), Washington (31.8%), Maine (31.2%), Kansas (30.3%), New Hampshire and Minnesota (29.2%), New Jersey (27.6%), Tennessee (27.5%), Vermont (26.9%), and Wisconsin (25.6%). Seven states had five per cent or less: South Carolina (5.0%), North Carolina (3.6%), Georgia (3.3%), West Virginia (3.1%), North Dakota (2.8%), Hawaii (1.7%), and South Dakota (0.0%).

Table 4 gives the number and per cent of high schools in each state that offer foreign-language instruction. The national per cent of high schools that offered at least one foreign language (Latin or modern) was 72.8 in 1960, up from 70.4 in 1959. The per cent rise in offerings in *modern* foreign languages was from 60.0 in 1959 to 60.8 in 1960. Chart C summarizes the growth of foreign-language offerings since 1958.

CHART C. HIGH-SCHOOL OFFERINGS IN
FOREIGN LANGUAGES, 1958-60

	1958	1959	1960
All Foreign Languages	61.6	70.4	72.8
Modern Foreign Languages	50.4	60.0	60.8

Five states reported that at least one foreign language was offered in each of its senior high schools: Delaware, Georgia, New Jersey, Rhode Island, and Washington. Eleven other states and the District of Columbia reported that at least nine tenths of their high schools offered one or more foreign languages in 1960: Massachusetts (99.6%), Maine (99.4%), New Hampshire (98.8%), New York (96.4%), Vermont (96.2%),

CHART B. CONTINUITY OF LANGUAGE STUDY

	Latin	French	German	Italian	Russian	Spanish
Course II in 1958 to III in 1959	17.4	33.8	29.0	22.1	34.5	24.8
Course II in 1959 to III in 1960	14.6	31.4	28.4	25.0	27.4	28.5

TABLE 2. TOTAL OF ALL FOREIGN-LANGUAGE ENROLLMENTS,¹ FALL 1960

1	HSP (9-12) 1960	FL I-V 1960	FL I-V 1959	FL % of Change	Per Cent of HSP in FL I-V With Ranks				Change in % 10
					1960	1959	Rank		
							1960	1959	
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Alabama	173,763	17,849	19,228	-7.2	10.3	10.8	49	48	-0.5
Alaska	7,651	1,803	1,428	26.3	23.6	19.7	27	31	3.9
Arizona	66,463	23,689	17,544	35.0	35.6	34.0	15	13	1.6
Arkansas	103,730	9,681	7,653	26.5	9.3	7.7	50	51	1.6
California ²	746,791	301,770	262,235	15.0	40.4	35.9	9	11	4.5
Colorado	89,991	29,585	25,380	16.6	32.9	30.5	17	16	2.4
Connecticut ²	111,728	51,285	46,201	11.0	45.9	41.1	5	6	4.8
Delaware	19,781	9,706	8,676	11.9	49.1	47.4	3	4	1.7
D. of Columbia	18,546	7,280	6,900	5.5	39.3	37.2	11	8	2.1
Florida	228,704	62,834	55,357	13.5	27.5	26.5	22	22	1.0
Georgia	211,442	43,810	36,290	20.7	20.7	17.9	32	34	2.8
Hawaii	35,456	6,424	4,404	45.9	18.1	13.3	35	42	4.8
Idaho	42,348	8,842	8,424	5.0	20.9	20.3	31	29	0.6
Illinois	426,404	123,135	119,781	2.8	28.9	29.3	20	19	-0.4
Indiana	230,135	52,123	48,422	7.6	22.6	20.5	30	27	2.1
Iowa ³	137,086	15,955	15,955	0.0	11.6	11.6	48	47	0.0
Kansas	123,214	30,493	22,187	37.4	24.7	20.4	26	28	0.3
Kentucky	142,253	20,256	18,655	8.6	14.2	13.8	44	41	0.4
Louisiana	158,887	20,714	17,982	15.2	13.0	11.9	46	45	1.1
Maine	48,537	15,866	14,231	11.5	32.7	31.3	18	15	1.4
Maryland	140,870	52,848	42,523	24.3	37.5	32.3	13	14	5.2
Massachusetts	225,234	113,321	102,786	10.2	50.3	51.1	2	1	0.8
Michigan	375,730	88,424	76,928	14.9	22.5	21.0	28	26	2.5
Minnesota	183,813	30,879	29,232	5.6	18.2	16.3	41	37	0.5
Mississippi	114,500	9,067	8,833	2.5	11.9	7.8	51	50	0.1
Missouri	202,643	31,415	24,368	28.9	15.5	12.3	42	44	3.2
Montana	36,286	7,231	6,726	7.5	19.9	18.9	34	33	1.0
Nebraska	68,759	11,956	9,643	24.0	17.4	14.4	36	39	3.0
Nevada	13,968	4,156	3,886	6.9	29.8	29.8	19	17	0.0
New Hampshire	25,185	10,416	9,325	11.7	41.4	36.1	8	10	5.3
New Jersey	263,483	125,185	118,175	5.9	47.5	48.2	4	3	-0.7
New Mexico	53,541	20,345	13,056	55.8	38.0	36.7	12	9	1.3
New York	713,275	322,657	285,808	12.9	45.2	48.4	6	2	-3.2
North Carolina	266,433	68,607	60,263	13.8	25.7	23.0	23	24	2.7
North Dakota	35,600	4,533	3,518	28.9	12.7	9.8	47	49	2.9
Ohio	444,656	126,043	114,279	10.3	28.3	26.7	21	21	1.6
Oklahoma	144,421	24,955	20,746	20.3	17.3	17.0	37	38	2.3
Oregon	110,386	25,777	21,103	22.1	23.4	21.1	29	25	2.3
Pennsylvania	511,392	213,989	178,770	19.7	41.8	35.0	7	12	6.8
Rhode Island	31,408	16,518	14,306	15.3	52.6	46.8	1	5	5.8
South Carolina	127,657	25,610	23,175	10.5	20.1	20.1	33	30	0.0
South Dakota	38,136	5,348	4,355	22.8	14.0	11.8	45	46	2.2
Tennessee	189,223	32,680	31,303	4.4	17.3	17.2	37	36	0.1
Texas ⁴	472,873	120,195	88,041	36.5	25.4	19.4	24	32	6.0
Utah	58,473	10,131	10,022	1.1	17.3	17.5	37	35	-0.2
Vermont	16,521	6,518	5,999	8.7	39.5	37.4	10	7	2.1
Virginia	180,256	61,439	53,052	15.8	34.1	29.3	16	19	4.8
Washington	159,006	58,261	44,479	31.0	36.6	29.4	14	18	7.2
West Virginia	107,773	15,495	14,046	10.3	14.4	13.1	43	43	1.3
Wisconsin	196,658	33,160	24,885	33.3	16.9	14.3	40	40	2.6
Wyoming	18,426	4,587	4,320	6.2	24.9	24.3	25	23	0.6
U.S.A. ⁵	8,649,495	2,534,846	2,204,884	15.0	29.3	27.0	—	—	2.3

¹ All enrollments are the actual data sent, unless otherwise indicated.² Estimated enrollments. See Introduction.³ 1959 data used.⁴ See Introduction, "Texas Data for 1959 and 1960."⁵ See Introduction, "Revision of 1959 Data."

TABLE 3. CONTINUITY OF STUDY: 1959 COURSE II STUDENTS IN 1960 COURSE III¹

	FL Totals		Per Cent Continuing and Rank		MFL Totals		Per Cent Continuing and Rank	
	Course II 1959	Course III 1960	%	Rank	Course II 1959	Course III 1960	%	Rank
Alabama	6,956	707	10.2	38	4,541	487	10.7	41
Alaska	534	44	8.2	42	403	31	7.7	42
Arizona	5,243	811	15.5	25	4,239	715	16.9	30
Arkansas	2,315	130	5.6	44	1,137	64	5.6	43
California ²	79,728	28,001	35.1	3	66,214	25,155	38.0	4
Colorado	7,700	1,449	18.8	21	5,193	1,169	22.5	22
Connecticut ²	15,679	4,845	30.9	6	9,812	3,324	33.9	5
Delaware	2,740	437	15.9	24	1,881	341	18.1	25
D. of Columbia	2,439	629	25.8	9	1,795	412	23.0	20
Florida	20,133	2,151	10.7	35	12,691	1,536	12.1	38
Georgia	12,125	473	3.9	46	7,034	233	3.3	46
Hawaii	1,371	13	0.9	50	769	13	1.7	49
Idaho	2,449	212	8.7	40	1,433	187	13.0	36
Illinois	43,679	6,514	14.9	27	28,519	4,920	17.3	26
Indiana	15,785	5,316	33.7	4	7,572	3,385	44.7	3
Iowa ³	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kansas	5,085	1,286	25.3	10	2,981	904	30.3	10
Kentucky	5,329	657	12.3	33	2,621	303	11.6	40
Louisiana	5,128	549	10.7	35	4,159	513	12.3	37
Maine	4,540	1,116	24.6	12	2,856	891	31.2	9
Maryland	16,290	3,566	21.9	16	11,296	2,719	24.1	17
Massachusetts	36,304	11,458	31.6	5	23,898	8,042	33.7	7
Michigan	24,898	3,729	15.0	26	14,160	2,692	19.0	24
Minnesota	10,820	2,375	22.0	15	6,830	1,997	29.2	11
Mississippi	2,671	231	8.6	41	1,169	154	13.2	35
Missouri	7,896	1,336	16.9	23	5,047	1,005	19.9	23
Montana	2,019	212	10.5	37	1,249	212	17.0	29
Nebraska	2,170	610	28.1	8	1,190	270	22.7	21
Nevada	1,273	124	9.7	39	1,036	122	11.8	39
New Hampshire	3,215	792	24.6	12	1,954	570	29.2	11
New Jersey	40,827	10,169	24.9	11	30,705	8,479	27.6	13
New Mexico	4,192	593	14.1	30	3,360	582	17.3	26
New York	78,801	44,681	56.7	1	58,808	38,051	64.7	1
North Carolina	20,697	773	3.7	47	14,767	525	3.6	45
North Dakota	1,112	39	3.5	49	457	13	2.8	48
Ohio	42,026	4,978	11.8	34	21,027	3,429	16.3	32
Oklahoma	5,968	822	13.8	31	3,511	580	16.5	31
Oregon	6,838	1,347	19.7	19	4,580	1,069	23.3	18
Pennsylvania	59,095	13,673	23.1	14	34,502	11,651	33.8	6
Rhode Island	4,926	1,885	38.3	2	3,594	1,672	46.5	2
South Carolina	8,291	371	4.5	45	4,944	249	5.0	44
South Dakota	1,076	63	5.9	43	556	0	0.0	50
Tennessee	7,932	1,445	18.2	22	3,857	1,062	27.5	14
Texas ⁴	30,514	4,066	13.3	32	23,149	3,118	13.5	34
Utah	2,484	354	14.3	29	2,274	339	14.9	33
Vermont	2,102	415	19.7	19	1,118	301	26.9	15
Virginia	18,650	2,765	14.8	28	11,040	1,890	17.1	28
Washington	15,700	4,710	30.0	7	11,266	3,577	31.8	8
West Virginia	4,686	168	3.6	48	2,042	64	3.1	47
Wisconsin	8,130	1,751	21.5	17	5,044	1,292	25.6	16
Wyoming	1,482	316	21.3	18	737	171	23.2	19
U.S.A.	712,043	175,157	24.6	—	475,011	140,480	29.6	—

¹ Continuity in FLs covers French, German, Italian, Latin, Russian, and Spanish; in MFLs, the same minus Latin.² Estimated enrollments. See Introduction.³ 1959 data not available.⁴ See Introduction, "Texas Data for 1959 and 1960."

TABLE 4. HIGH-SCHOOL OFFERINGS IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES, FALL 1960

	No. High Schools Reported			Per Cent Offering Languages				Rank				Gain or Loss	
	Total 1960	FLs 1960	MFLs 1960	FLs		MFLs		FLs		MFLs		Per Cent	
				1960	1959	1960	1959	1960	1959	1960	1959	FLs	MFLs
Alabama ¹	565	189	164	33.5	33.5	29.0	29.0	47	45	46	44	0.0	0.0
Alaska	31	15	13	48.4	44.8	11.9	34.5	41	41	39	42	3.6	7.4
Arizona	92	88	88	95.7	95.1	95.7	95.1	12	14	9	10	0.6	0.6
Arkansas	494	152	137	30.8	28.9	27.1	23.8	49	49	47	46	1.9	3.9
California ¹	566	561	559	99.1	99.1	98.8	98.8	8	8	6	6	0.0	0.0
Colorado	267	201	188	75.3	70.9	70.4	65.2	29	33	28	29	4.4	5.2
Connecticut ¹	183	172	166	94.0	94.0	90.7	90.7	15	18	15	15	0.0	0.0
Delaware	36	36	36	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
D. of Columbia	14	13	13	92.9	100.0	92.9	100.0	18	1	12	1	- 7.1	- 7.1
Florida	344	258	244	75.0	66.1	70.9	61.9	30	34	27	32	8.9	9.0
Georgia ²	503	503	335	100.0	100.0	66.6	66.6	1	1	30	27	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	33	28	28	84.8	93.3	84.8	86.7	23	19	20	18	- 8.5	- 1.9
Idaho	128	95	7	74.2	71.9	68.0	66.4	31	31	29	3	2.3	1.6
Illinois ³	753	706		93.8	84.4	—	62.8	17	22	—	3	9.4	—
Indiana	644	535	336	83.1	82.1	50.2	46.3	26	25	34	3	1.0	3.9
Iowa ¹	614	325	230	52.9	52.9	37.5	35.7	39	38	41	3	0.0	0.0
Kansas	571	303	252	53.1	48.2	44.1	36.6	38	40	37	4	4.9	7.5
Kentucky	385	276	227	71.7	62.2	59.0	47.5	32	35	32	3	9.5	11.5
Louisiana	140	106	106	75.7	72.4	75.7	64.2	28	30	24	30	3.3	11.5
Maine	178	177	169	99.4	98.9	94.9	94.4	7	9	10	11	0.3	0.5
Maryland	149	138	133	92.6	91.7	89.3	90.7	19	15	16	15	- 2.1	- 1.4
Massachusetts	247	246	246	99.6	100.0	99.6	100.0	6	1	4	1	- 0.4	- 0.4
Michigan	584	492	435	84.2	81.7	74.5	69.4	24	26	25	25	2.5	5.1
Minnesota	488	248	200	50.8	53.5	41.0	43.0	40	37	40	37	- 2.7	- 2.0
Mississippi	495	151	108	30.5	33.2	21.8	20.5	50	46	49	49	- 2.7	1.3
Missouri	567	273	245	48.1	38.9	43.2	31.1	42	43	38	43	9.2	12.1
Montana	172	98	84	57.0	54.3	48.8	43.9	37	36	35	36	2.7	4.9
Nebraska	417	173	136	41.5	35.9	32.6	25.1	44	44	44	45	5.6	7.5
Nevada	35	30	30	85.7	82.4	85.7	79.4	22	24	19	20	3.3	6.3
New Hampshire	86	85	85	98.8	98.8	98.8	97.7	9	10	6	7	0.0	1.1
New Jersey	238	258	237	100.0	100.0	99.6	99.6	1	1	4	5	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	139	127	127	91.4	90.7	91.4	90.7	20	21	14	15	0.7	0.7
New York	860	829	802	96.4	98.3	93.3	93.7	10	12	11	12	- 1.9	- 0.4
North Carolina	805	757	748	94.0	91.2	92.9	88.7	15	20	12	17	2.8	4.2
North Dakota ¹	208	69	46	33.2	33.2	22.1	22.1	48	46	48	48	0.0	0.0
Ohio	901	857	695	95.1	94.6	77.1	67.4	13	16	22	26	0.5	9.7
Oklahoma	617	211	199	34.2	24.1	32.3	22.3	46	50	45	47	10.1	10.0
Oregon	253	209	193	82.6	77.2	76.3	74.4	27	27	23	23	5.4	1.9
Pennsylvania	765	698	660	91.2	96.1	86.3	92.0	21	13	17	13	- 4.9	- 5.7
Rhode Island	33	33	33	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	365	304	285	83.3	83.4	78.1	76.3	25	23	21	21	- 0.1	1.8
South Dakota	251	102	84	40.6	29.0	33.5	20.1	45	48	43	50	11.6	13.4
Tennessee ¹	461	204	163	44.2	44.2	35.4	35.4	43	42	42	41	0.0	0.0
Texas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Utah	82	58	58	71.1	76.6	71.1	75.3	34	28	26	22	- 5.5	- 4.2
Vermont	78	75	75	96.2	98.7	96.2	98.7	11	11	8	7	- 2.5	- 2.5
Virginia ¹	389	368	335	94.6	94.6	86.1	86.1	14	16	18	19	0.0	0.0
Washington	255	255	255	100.0	100.0	100.0	95.4	1	1	1	9	0.0	4.6
West Virginia	243	174	150	71.6	71.0	61.7	54.8	33	32	31	33	0.6	6.9
Wisconsin	415	239	197	57.6	49.5	47.5	43.0	36	39	36	37	8.1	4.5
Wyoming	77	47	45	61.0	74.7	58.4	69.6	35	29	33	23	- 13.7	- 11.2
U.S.A.	17,216	12,527	10,467	72.8	70.4	60.8	60.0	—	—	—	—	2.4	0.8

¹ 1959 data.² Estimated by State Education Department, 1959 data.³ 1961 data.

Arizona (95.7%), Ohio (95.1%), North Carolina (94.0%), District of Columbia (92.9%), Maryland (92.6%), New Mexico (91.4%), Pennsylvania (91.2%). In the same range are probably four other states: California (99.1% in 1959), Connecticut (94.0% in 1959), Virginia (94.6% in 1959), and Illinois (93.8% in 1961).

Twelve states and the District of Columbia reported that at least nine tenths of their high schools offered one or more *modern* foreign languages in 1960: Delaware, Rhode Island, and Washington (100%), Massachusetts and New Jersey (99.6%), New Hampshire (98.8%), Vermont (96.2%), Arizona (95.7%), Maine (94.9%), New York (93.3%), District of Columbia and North Carolina (92.9%), New Mexico (91.4%). In the same range are probably California (98.8% in 1959) and Connecticut (90.7% in 1959).

Ten states reported foreign-language offerings in less than half their high schools: Alaska (48.4%), Missouri (43.1%), Tennessee (44.2%), Nebraska (41.5%), South Dakota (40.6%), Oklahoma (34.2%), Alabama (33.5%), North Dakota (33.2%), Arkansas (30.8%), and Mississippi (30.5%).

Fifteen states offered *modern* foreign languages in less than half their high schools: Montana (48.8%), Wisconsin (47.5%), Kansas (44.1%), Missouri (43.2%), Alaska (41.9%), Minnesota (41.0%), Iowa (37.5%), Tennessee (35.4%), South Dakota (33.5%), Nebraska (32.6%), Oklahoma (32.3%), Alabama (29.0%), Arkansas (27.7%), North Dakota (22.1%), and Mississippi (21.8%).

Two states showed gains of 10 per cent or more over 1959 in the per cent of high schools that offered foreign languages: South Dakota (11.6%) and Oklahoma (10.1%). The biggest losses were in Wyoming (13.7%), Hawaii (8.5%), the District of Columbia (7.1%), and Utah (5.5%). Eight other states had losses of less than five per cent.

Five states showed at least a ten per cent gain in modern-foreign-language offerings: South Dakota (13.4%), Missouri (12.1%), Kentucky and Louisiana (11.5%), and Oklahoma (10.0%). Nine states and the District of Columbia showed losses, with Wyoming (11.2%), the District of Columbia (7.1%), and Pennsylvania (5.7%) having losses of more than five per cent.

INDIVIDUAL LANGUAGE ENROLLMENTS

Enrollments in Latin (Table 5) increased 3.4 per cent, from 639,776 in 1959 to 661,563 in 1960. But the per cent of Latin enrollments to the total high-school population showed a slight

decrease, from 7.8 per cent in 1959 to 7.6 per cent in 1960. Continuity of study from Course II in 1959 to Course III in 1960 was only 14.6 per cent. The range was from 34.7 per cent in Nebraska to 0.0 per cent in Hawaii and Montana. Massachusetts again ranked first with 16.7 per cent of its public-high-school students enrolled in Latin. Vermont followed closely with 16.0 per cent. Ten other states and the District of Columbia reported more than ten per cent: Connecticut (14.6%), New Hampshire (13.6%), Delaware (13.5%), Rhode Island (13.3%), Pennsylvania (12.8%), Ohio (11.6%), District of Columbia (11.4%), Virginia (11.1%), New Jersey (10.7%), Indiana (10.5%), and Maine (10.4%). Eleven states enrolled less than five per cent of their high-school pupils in Latin. Of these, five had less than three per cent: Mississippi (2.9%), Arkansas (2.8%), Alabama (2.4%), Louisiana (2.0%), and Utah (1.7%).

Enrollments in French (Table 6) increased 23.8 per cent, from 603,733 in 1959 to 747,486 in 1960. French rose from 7.4 per cent of the total high-school population in 1959 to 8.6 per cent in 1960, replacing Latin as the second most popular foreign language. Continuity of study from Course II in 1959 to Course III in 1960 was 31.4 per cent, the highest of any of the major foreign languages. The range in continuity was from 62.3 per cent in New York to 0.0 per cent in Alaska and South Dakota. Enrollments ranged from a high of 25.7 per cent in Rhode Island to a low of 1.5 per cent in South Dakota.

Twelve other states and the District of Columbia enrolled more than 10 per cent of their high-school students in French: Massachusetts (24.9%), New Hampshire (24.6%), Vermont (21.8%), Maryland (21.2%), Maine (21.1%), Delaware (18.9%), Connecticut (17.2%), New York (16.9%), North Carolina (15.0%), New Jersey (14.3%), District of Columbia (13.9%), Virginia (13.1%), and Pennsylvania (12.6%).

Twenty-five states reported less than five per cent of their high-school students enrolled in French. Of these, eight had less than three per cent: Oklahoma (2.8%), Arkansas (2.7%), North Dakota and Texas (2.3%), Mississippi and New Mexico (2.2%), Iowa (1.9%), and South Dakota (1.5%).

Total high-school enrollments in German (Table 7) increased 22.4 per cent, from 123,581 in 1959 to 151,261 in 1960. The per cent of German enrollments within the total high-school population rose from 1.5 in 1959 to 1.7 in 1960. In continuity of 1959 Course II students in 1960 Course III German ranked third with 28.4 per

FL Offerings and Enrollments

TABLE 5 ENROLLMENTS IN LATIN COURSES I-V, FALL 1960

	I	II	III	IV	V	Un- classi- fied	Totals	% HSP (9-12)		Continuity II-III ⁶	
								1960	1959	Enrollment Course II 1959	% 1959 II in 1960 III
Alabama	2,233	1,753	220	12	0		4,218	2.4	3.3	2,415	9.1
Alaska	364	264	13	0	0		641	8.4	5.5	131	9.9
Arizona	2,243	1,255	96	10	0		3,604	5.4	5.3	1,004	9.6
Arkansas	1,599	1,213	66	0	0		2,878	2.8	3.1	1,178	5.6
California ¹	20,289	12,824	2,846	620	0		36,579	4.9	5.1	13,514	21.1
Colorado	5,073	2,610	280	22	0	135	8,120	9.0	8.7	2,507	11.2
Connecticut ¹	7,790	6,376	1,521	678	0		16,365	14.6	14.2	5,876	25.9
Delaware	1,630	923	96	24	0		2,673	13.5	13.4	859	11.2
D. of Columbia	969	849	217	73	0		2,108	11.4	10.3	644	33.7
Florida	11,038	7,005	615	60	0		18,718	8.2	8.5	7,442	8.3
Georgia	8,148	5,019	240	6	0		13,413	6.3	6.3	5,091	4.7
Hawaii	1,272	786	0	0	0		2,058	5.8	5.1	602	0.0
Idaho	1,548	913	25	0	0		2,436	5.9	6.7	1,016	2.5
Illinois	21,017	13,164	1,594	507	0		36,282	8.5	9.2	15,160	10.5
Indiana	14,219	7,510	1,931	401	0		24,061	10.5	10.4	8,213	23.5
Iowa ²	—	—	—	—	—	6,747	6,747	4.9	4.9	—	—
Kansas	6,457	3,059	382	148	0		10,046	8.2	7.1	2,104	18.2
Kentucky	5,097	2,657	354	100	0		8,208	5.8	6.1	2,708	13.1
Louisiana	2,168	889	36	34	0		3,127	2.0	2.0	969	3.7
Maine	3,311	1,491	225	3	0		5,030	10.4	11.2	1,684	13.4
Maryland	5,259	4,444	847	191	6		10,747	7.6	8.4	4,994	17.0
Massachusetts	20,696	11,839	3,416	1,588	0		37,539	16.7	16.8	12,406	27.5
Michigan	18,635	10,611	1,037	558	0		30,841	8.2	8.0	10,738	9.7
Minnesota	5,551	3,001	378	78	0		9,008	4.9	5.2	3,990	9.5
Mississippi	2,044	1,194	77	0	0		3,315	2.9	3.8	1,502	5.1
Missouri	5,236	2,995	331	50	0		8,612	4.2	3.8	2,849	11.6
Montana	1,484	766	0	0	0		2,250	6.2	6.4	770	0.0
Nebraska	2,210	1,187	340	48	0		3,785	5.5	5.6	980	34.7
Nevada	488	210	2	0	0		700	5.0	5.2	237	0.8
New Hampshire	2,096	1,014	222	90	0		3,422	13.6	13.0	1,261	17.6
New Jersey	16,014	9,891	1,690	449	0		28,094	10.7	11.1	10,122	16.7
New Mexico	1,314	888	11	13	0		2,226	4.2	7.0	832	1.3
New York	26,929	17,632	6,630	1,256	12		52,459	7.4	8.7	19,993	33.2
North Carolina	9,157	5,977	248	94	0		15,476	5.8	5.7	5,930	4.2
North Dakota	1,077	839	26	26	0		1,968	5.5	4.7	655	4.0
Ohio	30,293	19,158	1,549	613	25		51,638	11.6	11.8	20,999	7.4
Oklahoma	4,225	2,578	242	39	0		7,084	4.9	4.8	2,457	9.8
Oregon	4,205	2,654	278	118	0		7,255	6.6	5.8	2,258	12.3
Pennsylvania	40,901	21,693	2,022	655	0		65,271	12.8	13.7	24,593	8.2
Rhode Island	2,516	1,348	213	94	0		4,171	13.3	11.8	1,332	16.0
South Carolina	5,845	3,256	122	13	0		9,236	7.2	7.4	3,347	3.6
South Dakota	1,309	526	63	0	0		1,898	5.0	4.7	526	12.0
Tennessee	9,916	3,902	383	112	0		14,313	7.6	8.0	4,075	9.4
Texas ³	14,293	8,114	948	199	52		23,606	5.0	4.1	7,365	12.9
Utah	589	411	15	0	0		1,015	1.7	1.2	210	7.1
Vermont	1,678	824	114	25	0		2,641	16.0	15.5	984	11.6
Virginia	10,434	8,498	875	220	0		20,027	11.1	11.1	7,610	11.5
Washington	8,601	5,423	1,133	406	0		15,563	9.8	7.2	4,434	25.6
West Virginia	4,125	2,418	104	0	0		6,647	6.2	6.5	2,644	3.9
Wisconsin	6,713	4,482	459	178	0		11,832	6.0	5.3	3,086	14.9
Wyoming	988	374	145	55	0		1,562	8.5	9.1	745	19.5
U.S.A. ⁴	381,286	228,707	34,677	9,916	95	6,882	661,563	7.6	7.8	237,032	14.6

¹ Estimated enrollments. See Introduction.² Data for 1959.³ See Introduction, "Texas Data for 1959 and 1960."⁴ See Introduction, "Revision of 1959 Data."⁵ See Column 4 for totals in Course III.

TABLE 6. ENROLLMENTS IN FRENCH COURSES I-V, FALL 1960

	I	II	III	IV	V	Un- classi- fied	Totals	% HSP (9-12)		Continuity II-III ⁶	
								1960	1959	Enrollment Course II 1959	% 1959 II in 1960 III
Alabama	3,649	2,129	203	29	6		6,016	3.5	3.3	2,003	10.1
Alaska	184	100	0	0	0		284	3.7	2.8	79	0.0
Arizona	1,372	615	72	27	0		2,086	3.1	2.5	401	18.0
Arkansas	2,115	707	29	0	0		2,851	2.7	2.0	503	5.8
California ¹	38,113	19,011	6,087	1,212	0		64,423	8.6	6.5	14,195	42.9
Colorado	3,378	1,473	284	44	15	37	5,231	5.8	4.3	979	29.0
Connecticut ¹	9,787	6,944	2,148	327	0		19,206	17.2	14.3	5,070	42.4
Delaware	2,299	1,132	187	73	45		3,736	18.9	18.8	954	19.6
D. of Columbia	1,322	896	256	111	0		2,585	13.9	12.7	860	29.8
Florida	5,929	2,693	171	16	0		8,809	3.9	3.1	2,165	7.9
Georgia	12,101	6,346	129	20	0		18,596	8.8	7.5	4,365	3.0
Hawaii	909	633	13	0	0		1,555	4.4	3.5	334	3.9
Idaho	909	403	41	0	0		1,353	3.2	2.7	276	14.9
Illinois	16,154	8,068	1,668	467	17		26,374	6.2	5.5	7,736	21.6
Indiana	4,613	2,854	1,242	251	0		8,960	3.9	3.0	2,214	56.1
Iowa ²	—	—	—	—	—	2,664	2,664	1.9	1.9	—	—
Kansas	4,029	1,504	350	72	0		5,955	4.8	3.5	728	48.1
Kentucky	3,994	1,548	140	0	0		5,682	4.0	4.0	1,311	10.7
Louisiana	6,469	2,544	179	23	0		9,215	5.8	4.9	1,975	9.1
Maine	5,514	3,840	853	56	0		10,263	21.1	19.0	2,725	31.3
Maryland	17,800	9,525	2,051	437	0		29,813	21.2	15.5	7,290	28.1
Massachusetts	29,154	17,069	6,624	3,256	57		56,160	24.9	24.8	17,311	38.3
Michigan	15,799	7,710	1,278	541	0		25,328	6.7	5.5	5,983	21.4
Minnesota	3,278	1,777	570	93	0		5,718	3.1	2.8	1,672	34.1
Mississippi	1,951	529	29	0	0		2,509	2.2	1.7	448	6.5
Missouri	5,241	2,283	492	75	0		8,091	4.0	2.8	1,634	30.1
Montana	1,187	489	109	3	0		1,788	4.9	3.8	375	29.1
Nebraska	1,474	642	109	29	0		2,254	3.3	2.2	367	29.7
Nevada	739	244	55	3	0		1,041	7.5	4.9	252	21.8
New Hampshire	3,624	1,961	555	47	0		6,187	24.6	19.9	1,701	32.6
New Jersey	21,454	11,702	3,704	762	23		37,645	14.3	13.1	10,733	34.5
New Mexico	802	359	27	1	0		1,189	2.2	2.2	173	15.6
New York	60,621	39,754	17,748	2,681	70		120,874	16.9	18.2	28,510	62.3
North Carolina	25,027	14,430	364	36	0		39,857	15.0	13.2	11,585	3.1
North Dakota	545	260	13	0	0		818	2.3	1.6	142	9.2
Ohio	19,210	10,715	1,835	524	64		32,348	7.3	6.1	8,286	22.1
Oklahoma	2,711	1,066	215	0	0		3,992	2.8	2.2	678	31.7
Oregon	3,819	2,120	291	148	0		6,378	5.8	4.7	1,327	21.9
Pennsylvania	44,124	16,750	2,495	837	0		64,206	12.6	9.0	14,449	17.3
Rhode Island	3,761	2,802	1,189	332	0		8,084	25.7	20.6	2,200	54.0
South Carolina	7,839	4,462	220	0	0		12,521	9.8	9.8	3,737	5.9
South Dakota	467	123	0	0	0		590	1.5	1.3	134	0.0
Tennessee	4,565	1,625	346	0	0		6,536	3.5	3.0	1,280	27.0
Texas ³	7,436	3,057	183	0	0		10,676	2.3	1.3	1,525	12.0
Utah	2,031	753	108	0	0		2,892	4.9	5.0	770	14.0
Vermont	2,072	1,230	285	22	0		3,609	21.8	19.9	1,001	28.5
Virginia	13,585	8,669	1,142	228	0		23,624	13.1	10.2	6,486	17.6
Washington	8,445	4,231	1,414	173	0		14,263	9.0	6.5	3,266	43.3
West Virginia	3,587	2,033	64	0	0		5,684	5.3	3.8	1,145	5.6
Wisconsin	3,826	1,902	409	95	16		6,248	3.2	2.3	1,079	37.9
Wyoming	556	112	51	0	0		719	3.9	2.9	133	38.3
U.S.A. ⁴	439,570	233,824	58,027	1,305	313	2,701	747,486	8.6	7.4	184,545	31.4

¹ Estimated enrollments. See Introduction.² 1959 data.³ See Introduction, "Texas Data for 1959 and 1960."⁴ See Introduction, "Revision of 1959 data."⁵ See Column 4 for totals in Course III.

TABLE 7. ENROLLMENTS IN GERMAN COURSES I-V, FALL 1960

	I	II	III	IV	V	Un- classi- fied	Totals	% HSP (9-12)		Continuity II-III ⁵	
								1960	1959	Enrollment Course II 1959	% 1959 II in 1960 III
Alabama	82	15	0	0	0		97	0.06	0.05	27	0.0
Alaska	56	44	0	0	0		100	1.3	2.4	53	0.0
Arizona	629	450	29	3	0		1,111	1.7	1.1	131	22.1
Arkansas	66	42	0	0	0		108	0.1	0.1	9	0.0
California ¹	12,122	6,078	1,656	162	0		20,018	2.7	2.1	4,308	38.4
Colorado	1,142	476	39	0	0	24	1,681	1.9	1.7	257	15.2
Connecticut ¹	801	652	230	33	0		1,716	1.5	1.5	592	38.9
Delaware	387	217	5	0	0		609	3.1	2.3	148	3.4
D. of Columbia	197	146	5	0	0		348	1.9	2.5	192	2.6
Florida	665	178	14	0	0		857	0.4	0.3	177	7.9
Georgia	296	0	0	0	0		296	0.1	0.08	47	0.0
Hawaii	32	0	0	0	0		32	0.09	0.0	0	—
Idaho	601	164	0	0	0		765	1.8	1.2	37	0.0
Illinois	7,844	4,234	863	122	21		13,084	3.1	3.2	4,701	18.4
Indiana	1,257	1,086	515	137	0		2,995	1.3	1.1	826	62.3
Iowa ²	—	—	—	—	—	1,009	1,009	0.7	0.7	—	—
Kansas	1,132	295	52	0	0		1,479	1.2	1.0	204	25.5
Kentucky	807	192	47	0	0		1,046	0.7	0.6	217	21.7
Louisiana	149	118	0	0	0		267	0.2	0.1	0	—
Maine	47	42	4	0	0		93	0.2	0.2	13	30.8
Maryland	932	779	42	12	0		1,765	1.3	1.1	442	9.5
Massachusetts	1,834	1,377	372	19	0		3,602	1.6	1.8	1,333	27.9
Michigan	2,866	1,243	134	47	0		4,290	1.1	0.8	838	16.0
Minnesota	4,120	2,180	626	65	0		6,991	3.8	3.2	2,256	27.7
Mississippi	0	9	0	0	0		9	0.01	0.02	0	—
Missouri	881	500	0	0	0		1,381	0.7	0.5	409	0.0
Montana	569	206	14	0	0		789	2.2	1.9	189	7.4
Nebraska	786	365	13	0	0		1,164	1.7	1.1	117	11.1
Nevada	56	42	0	0	0		98	0.7	0.9	13	0.0
New Hampshire	82	43	0	0	0		125	0.5	0.3	33	0.0
New Jersey	6,489	3,838	1,275	169	0		11,771	4.5	4.0	3,757	33.9
New Mexico	246	144	19	0	0		409	0.8	1.1	56	33.9
New York	8,850	6,190	2,540	435	39		18,054	2.5	2.9	5,949	42.7
North Carolina	230	117	16	0	0		363	0.1	0.1	72	22.2
North Dakota	735	171	0	0	0		906	2.5	1.6	109	0.0
Ohio	4,266	2,596	424	94	0		7,380	1.7	1.4	1,970	21.5
Oklahoma	98	84	10	0	0		192	0.1	0.1	63	15.9
Oregon	2,036	1,013	203	50	0		3,302	3.0	2.5	604	33.6
Pennsylvania	12,559	6,167	971	182	0		19,879	3.9	2.4	4,036	24.1
Rhode Island	265	221	91	0	0		577	1.8	0.2	241	37.8
South Carolina	125	66	0	0	0		191	0.1	0.3	181	0.0
South Dakota	878	178	0	0	0		1,056	2.8	1.6	128	0.0
Tennessee	21	7	0	0	0		28	0.01	0.05	21	0.0
Texas ³	2,211	734	24	0	0		2,969	0.6	0.3	353	6.8
Utah	1,552	686	85	0	0		2,323	4.0	3.8	490	17.3
Vermont	23	20	1	0	0		44	0.3	0.4	19	5.3
Virginia	641	296	67	4	0		1,008	0.6	0.4	219	30.6
Washington	3,803	2,196	500	171	0		6,670	4.2	4.5	2,300	21.7
West Virginia	162	53	0	0	0		215	0.2	0.1	13	0.0
Wisconsin	3,224	2,046	394	71	18		5,753	2.9	2.6	1,533	25.7
Wyoming	177	69	0	0	0		246	1.3	1.5	48	0.0
U.S.A. ⁴	89,029	48,065	11,280	1,776	78	1,033	151,261	1.7	1.5	39,731	28.4

¹ Estimated data. See Introduction.² 1959 data.³ See Introduction, "Texas Data for 1959 and 1960."⁴ See Introduction, "Revision of 1959 Data."⁵ See Column 4 for totals in Course III.

TABLE 8. ENROLLMENTS IN ITALIAN COURSES I-V, FALL 1960

	I	II	III	IV	V	Totals	% HSP (9-12)		Continuity II-III ²	
							1960	1959	Enrollment Course II 1959	% 1959 II in 1960 III
Arizona	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.01	0	—
California ¹	756	304	51	8	0	1,119	0.1	0.1	216	23.6
Colorado	28	0	0	0	0	28	0.03	0.02	0	—
Connecticut ²	503	174	5	0	0	682	0.6	1.2	501	1.0
Illinois	243	130	15	8	0	396	0.09	0.2	233	6.4
Massachusetts	1,234	480	131	0	0	1,845	0.8	0.9	615	21.3
Michigan	5	0	0	0	0	5	0.0	0.0	0	—
Missouri	22	17	0	0	0	39	0.02	0.07	56	0.0
Nevada	32	12	0	0	0	44	0.3	0.3	8	0.0
New Jersey	2,139	1,300	226	50	0	3,715	1.4	1.5	1,576	14.3
New York	6,280	3,091	1,291	222	39	10,923	1.5	1.7	3,407	37.9
Ohio	6	0	0	0	0	6	0.001	0.0	0	—
Pennsylvania	96	0	0	0	0	96	0.02	0.2	349	0.0
Rhode Island	560	396	124	9	0	1,089	3.5	4.4	418	29.7
Wisconsin	39	0	0	0	0	39	0.02	0.01	0	—
U.S.A.	11,943	5,904	1,843	297	39	20,026	0.2	0.3	7,379	25.0

¹ Estimated enrollments. See Introduction.² See Column 4 for Course III totals.

cent, a slight decline from 29.1 per cent in 1959. The range in continuity was from a high of 62.3 per cent in Indiana to no Course III enrollments in 14 states. No state reported as much as five per cent of its high-school population in German; only eight states had three per cent or more: New Jersey (4.5%), Washington (4.2%), Utah (4.0%), Pennsylvania (3.9%), Minnesota (3.8%), Delaware and Illinois (3.1%), and Oregon (3.0%). In twenty-two states, German enrollments were less than one per cent of the high-school population.

Fourteen states reported a total of 20,026 students in Italian (Table 8), a 5.2 per cent loss from 21,118 in 1959. Italian enrollments were only 0.2 per cent of the high-school population in 1960, a drop from 0.3 per cent in 1959. Since the fall of 1958, Italian shows a decrease of 10.5 per cent. Only three states reported more than one per cent of their high-school population enrolled in Italian: Rhode Island (3.5%), New York (1.5%), and New Jersey (1.4%). The continuity of 1959 Course II into 1960 Course III was 25.0 per cent, fifth in rank among the six principal languages.

In thirty-six states and the District of Columbia, 1960 enrollments in Russian (Table 9) totalled 9,607 an increase of 27.9 per cent over 1959. Russian enrolled 0.1 per cent of the high-school population, a slight gain from 0.09 per

cent in 1959. The continuity of 1959 Course II students in 1960 Course III was 27.4 per cent, fourth in rank of the six chief high-school languages. Oregon led the states with an enrollment of 0.5 per cent of the high-school population. Colorado, Connecticut, Utah, and the District of Columbia each enrolled 0.4 per cent, and Washington enrolled 0.3 per cent.

In 1960, Spanish (Table 10) had an enrollment of 935,418 an increase of 133,152 (16.6%) since 1959. With nearly half (49.9%) of the modern foreign language students and 36.9 per cent of the students of all foreign languages, it was still the first language in each category. In per cent of high-school population, Spanish went from 9.8 in 1959 to 10.8 in 1960. The continuity of 1959 Course II students in 1960 Course III was 28.5 per cent, second to French in this respect.

New Mexico ranked first among the states with 30.6 per cent of the high-school population. Sixteen other states and the District of Columbia enrolled over 10 per cent in Spanish: Arizona (25.3%), California (23.8%), Texas (17.5%), New Jersey (16.5%), Nevada (16.3%), New York (16.1%), Colorado (15.7%), Florida (15.0%), Delaware (13.5%), Washington (13.4%), Pennsylvania (12.0%), District of Columbia (11.7%), Wyoming (11.2%), Connecticut (10.9%), Illinois (10.7%), Kansas (10.5%), and Alaska (10.2%). Fifteen states

TABLE 9. ENROLLMENTS IN RUSSIAN COURSES I-IV, FALL 1960

	I	II	III	IV	Totals	% HSP (9-12)		Continuity II-III ²	
						1960	1959	Enrollment Course II 1959	% 1959 II in 1960 III
Alabama	16	0	0	0	16	0.009	0.02	4	0.0
Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
Arizona	39	17	0	0	56	0.08	0.08	0	—
Arkansas	17	0	0	0	17	0.02	0.0	0	—
California ¹	1,101	274	63	2	1,440	0.2	0.2	127	49.6
Colorado	271	56	39	0	366	0.4	0.3	70	55.7
Connecticut ¹	266	128	10	0	404	0.4	0.2	30	33.3
Delaware	0	13	0	0	13	0.07	0.2	0	—
D. of Columbia	37	36	0	0	73	0.4	0.5	43	0.0
Florida	43	39	0	0	82	0.04	0.06	18	0.0
Georgia	117	28	0	0	145	0.07	0.0	0	—
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
Idaho	13	0	0	0	13	0.03	0.0	0	—
Illinois	697	221	14	0	932	0.2	0.2	103	13.6
Indiana	43	0	0	0	43	0.02	0.01	0	—
Iowa	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
Kansas	13	0	0	0	13	0.01	0.0	0	—
Kentucky	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
Louisiana	0	25	0	0	25	0.02	0.04	0	—
Maine	8	0	0	0	8	0.02	0.0	0	—
Maryland	22	15	0	0	37	0.03	0.07	0	—
Massachusetts	192	102	22	0	316	0.1	0.1	63	34.9
Michigan	326	113	43	27	509	0.1	0.1	135	31.9
Minnesota	43	0	0	0	43	0.02	0.07	0	—
Mississippi	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
Missouri	86	26	0	0	112	0.06	0.04	8	0.0
Montana	17	5	0	0	22	0.06	0.05	6	0.0
Nebraska	47	10	0	0	57	0.08	0.02	0	—
Nevada	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
New Jersey	355	100	14	0	469	0.2	0.2	138	10.1
New Mexico	87	27	5	1	120	0.2	0.3	48	10.4
New York	874	407	71	10	1,362	0.2	0.1	174	40.8
North Carolina	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
North Dakota	11	0	0	0	11	0.03	0.0	0	—
Ohio	199	82	0	0	281	0.06	0.06	71	0.0
Oklahoma	13	0	0	0	13	0.01	0.01	0	—
Oregon	274	187	40	9	510	0.5	0.5	170	23.5
Pennsylvania	704	307	18	0	1,029	0.2	0.2	202	8.9
Rhode Island	20	15	18	0	53	0.2	0.1	21	85.7
South Carolina	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
South Dakota	0	11	0	0	11	0.03	0.1	11	0.0
Tennessee	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
Texas	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
Utah	160	48	0	0	208	0.4	0.2	12	0.0
Vermont	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
Virginia	140	9	13	0	162	0.1	0.04	21	61.9
Washington	313	154	37	0	504	0.3	0.02	40	92.5
West Virginia	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
Wisconsin	75	43	8	6	132	0.07	0.06	0	—
Wyoming	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	—
U.S.A.	6,639	2,498	415	55	9,607	0.1	.09	1,515	27.4

¹ Estimated enrollments. See Introduction.² See column 4 for course III totals.

TABLE 10. ENROLLMENTS IN SPANISH COURSES I-V, FALL 1960

	I	II	III	IV	V	Unclassified	Totals	% HSP (9-12)		Continuity II-III ⁶	
								1960	1959	Enrollment Course II 1959	% 1959 II in 1960 III
Alabama	4,349	2,834	284	35	0		7,502	4.3	4.1	2,507	11.3
Alaska	442	305	31	0	0		778	10.2	9.0	271	11.4
Arizona	11,020	4,944	614	254	0		16,832	25.3	25.0	3,707	16.6
Arkansas	2,754	1,038	35	0	0		3,827	3.7	2.5	625	5.6
California ¹	99,655	56,342	17,298	4,708	24		178,027	23.8	21.9	47,368	36.5
Colorado	8,757	4,327	807	114	0	154	14,159	15.7	15.3	3,887	20.8
Connecticut ¹	6,377	4,721	931	204	0		12,233	10.9	9.7	3,619	25.7
Delaware	1,556	970	149	0	0		2,675	13.5	12.8	779	19.1
D. of Columbia	1,194	791	151	30	0		2,166	11.7	11.1	700	21.6
Florida	21,741	11,061	1,351	215	0		34,368	15.0	14.6	10,331	13.1
Georgia	7,534	3,722	104	0	0		11,360	5.4	3.9	2,622	4.0
Hawaii	1,434	570	0	0	0		2,004	5.7	4.4	435	0.0
Idaho	2,972	1,103	146	4	0		4,225	10.0	9.7	1,120	13.0
Illinois	27,551	15,217	2,360	591	0		45,719	10.7	11.0	15,746	15.0
Indiana	8,792	5,349	1,628	295	0		16,064	7.0	5.9	4,532	35.9
Iowa ²	—	—	—	—	—	5,535	5,535	4.0	4.0	—	—
Kansas	9,388	3,056	502	41	0		12,987	10.5	8.8	2,049	24.5
Kentucky	3,735	1,466	116	3	0		5,320	3.7	3.2	1,093	10.6
Louisiana	5,113	2,453	334	48	0		7,948	5.0	4.8	2,184	15.3
Maine	307	131	34	0	0		472	1.0	.9	118	28.8
Maryland	5,661	4,153	626	46	0		10,486	7.4	7.3	3,564	17.6
Massachusetts	7,977	4,124	893	160	0		13,154	5.8	6.4	4,576	19.5
Michigan	17,479	8,169	1,237	566	0		27,451	7.3	6.5	7,204	17.2
Minnesota	5,247	2,739	801	119	0		8,906	4.8	4.8	2,902	27.6
Mississippi	2,339	770	125	0	0		3,234	2.8	2.2	721	17.3
Missouri	8,635	3,936	513	85	11		13,180	6.5	5.1	2,940	17.4
Montana	1,472	814	89	7	0		2,382	6.6	6.7	679	13.1
Nebraska	3,028	1,497	148	0	23		4,696	6.8	5.5	706	21.0
Nevada	1,510	696	67	0	0		2,273	16.3	18.6	763	8.8
New Hampshire	402	265	15	0	0		682	2.7	2.8	220	6.8
New Jersey	24,210	15,298	3,250	643	8		43,419	16.5	18.2	14,501	22.5
New Mexico	11,935	3,839	531	96	0		16,401	30.6	26.1	3,083	17.2
New York	59,623	35,336	16,401	3,678	83		115,121	16.1	16.1	20,768	79.0
North Carolina	8,437	4,329	145	0	0		12,911	4.8	4.0	3,110	4.7
North Dakota	530	300	0	0	0		830	2.3	1.9	206	0.0
Ohio	21,178	11,799	1,170	163	17		34,327	7.7	7.4	10,700	10.9
Oklahoma	9,825	3,488	355	6	0		13,674	9.5	7.9	2,770	12.8
Oregon	5,234	2,440	535	123	0		8,332	7.5	7.4	2,479	21.6
Pennsylvania	33,950	16,495	8,167	2,644	0		61,256	12.0	9.4	15,466	52.8
Rhode Island	1,457	720	250	0	0		2,427	7.7	7.3	714	35.0
South Carolina	2,481	1,152	29	0	0		3,662	2.9	2.7	1,026	2.8
South Dakota	1,260	533	0	0	0		1,793	4.7	4.1	277	0.0
Tennessee	8,208	2,879	716	0	0		11,803	6.2	6.2	2,556	28.0
Texas ³	54,402	25,052	2,911	471	108		82,944	17.5	13.6	21,271	13.7
Utah	2,385	1,079	146	15	0		3,625	6.2	7.1	1,002	14.6
Vermont	110	99	15	0	0		224	1.4	1.5	98	15.3
Virginia	10,161	5,653	668	136	0		16,618	9.2	7.6	4,314	15.5
Washington	12,953	6,484	1,626	198	0		21,261	13.4	10.9	5,660	28.7
West Virginia	2,046	903	0	0	0		2,949	2.7	2.7	884	0.0
Wisconsin	5,398	3,068	481	157	32		9,136	4.6	4.0	2,432	19.8
Wyoming	1,372	530	120	38	0		2,060	11.2	10.9	556	21.6
U.S.A. ⁴	555,576	289,039	68,915	15,893	306	5,689	935,418	10.8	9.8	241,841	28.5

¹ Estimated data. See Introduction.² 1959 data.³ See Introduction, "Texas Data for 1959 and 1960."⁴ See Introduction, "Revision of 1959 Data."⁵ See Column 4 for totals in Course III.

TABLE 11. ENROLLMENTS IN OTHER LANGUAGES, FALL 1960

Language	Grand Totals by Language	Totals by Courses				States Where Taught	Totals by States
		I	II	III	IV		
Arabic	68	50	18	0	0	Utah	68
Chinese	75	31	4	0	0	California ¹	35
		34	0	0	0	Hawaii	34
		6	0	0	0	Illinois	6
		71	4	0	0		
Czech	10	10	0	0	0	Illinois	10
Greek (Ancient)	222	13	0	0	0	Kansas	13
		35	69	28	0	Louisiana	132
		18	37	0	0	Massachusetts	55
		13	9	0	0	Rhode Island	22
		79	115	28	0		
Greek (Modern)	14	14	0	0	0	Massachusetts	14
Hawaiian	132	132	0	0	0	Hawaii	132
Hebrew	4,160	58	44	27	0	California ¹	129
		64	8	2	0	Illinois	74
		12	12	0	0	Massachusetts	24
		31	30	11	0	New Jersey	72
		1,249	1,145	1,015	389	New York	3,798
		37	26	0	0	Ohio	63
		1,451	1,265	1,055	389		
Japanese	609	609	0	0	0	Hawaii	609
Norwegian	111	34	0	33	4	Minnesota	71
		40	0	0	0	New York	40
		74	0	33	4		
Polish	438	95	56	35	5	Illinois	191
		99	8	0	0	Massachusetts	107
		26	0	0	0	New York	26
		58	36	0	0	Pennsylvania	94
		16	0	0	4	Wisconsin	20
		294	100	35	9		
Portuguese	600	368	137	0	0	Massachusetts	505
		51	37	7	0	Rhode Island	95
		419	174	7	0		
Swedish	209	37	26	4	0	Illinois	67
		97	0	45	0	Minnesota	142
		134	26	49	0		
Unspecified	2,722					Connecticut ¹	564
						Pennsylvania	2,158
U.S.A.	9,370						9,370

¹ Estimated. See Introduction.

enrolled less than five per cent in Spanish: Minnesota and North Carolina (4.8%), South Dakota (4.7%), Wisconsin (4.6%), Alabama (4.3%), Iowa (4.0%), Arkansas and Kentucky (3.7%), South Carolina (2.9%), Mississippi (2.8%), New Hampshire and West Virginia (2.7%), North Dakota (2.3%), Vermont (1.4%), and Maine (1.0%).

OTHER FOREIGN LANGUAGE ENROLLMENTS (TABLE 11)

A total enrollment of 9370 was reported in other languages by fifteen states; the 4160 in Hebrew (3798 from New York) was 44.4 per cent of the total, and the 2722 "unspecified" in Connecticut and Pennsylvania was 29.0 per cent. In addition to Hebrew, two languages enrolled over 500 students: Japanese (609) and Portuguese (600); three languages had over 200: Polish (438), Ancient Greek (222), and Swedish (209). Four of the twelve languages reported had fewer than 100 enrolled: Chinese (75), Arabic (68), Modern Greek (14), and Czech (10).

Four states reported from three to five other languages. Two states had five: Massachusetts (Ancient Greek, Modern Greek, Hebrew, Polish, and Portuguese) and Illinois (Chinese, Czech, Hebrew, Polish, and Swedish). Two states reported three: Hawaii (Chinese, Hawaiian, and Japanese) and New York (Hebrew, Norwegian, and Polish). Three states offered two other languages: California (Chinese and Hebrew), Minnesota (Norwegian and Swedish), and Rhode Island (Ancient Greek and Portuguese). Seven offered one other language: Kansas and Louisiana (Ancient Greek), New Jersey and Ohio (Hebrew), Pennsylvania and Wisconsin (Polish), and Utah (Arabic).

DISTRIBUTION BY STATES AND BY PER CENTS OF SIX FOREIGN LANGUAGES

Table 12 lists the states where each of the six principal foreign languages had an enrollment of at least one-half per cent of the state's public-high-school population. All states and the District of Columbia offered French, German, Latin, and Spanish, though fourteen states had less than 0.5 per cent in German. Fourteen states reported enrollments in Italian, but only four of these were above 0.5 per cent. Russian was offered in thirty-six states and the District of Columbia, but only Oregon had as much as 0.5 per cent.

Spanish enrollments were above 15 per cent of the high-school population in six states in the West and Southwest, and in New Jersey and New York. French enrollments were over 15 per cent in New England and in three Middle Atlantic States (Delaware, Maryland, New York). German enrollment per cents were usually highest in states across the northern half of the United States. Italian per cents were largest in the East. Latin was above 10 per cent in the East, Middle Atlantic, and Midwest.

FOREIGN LANGUAGE ENROLLMENTS IN GRADES 7 AND 8

These grades are a statistical no-man's land. They are at times the culmination of an eight-grade elementary school, at other times the beginning years of a three-year junior high school or a six-year comprehensive high school. As a result it is far more difficult to get complete and reliable statistics on enrollments in these grades than for the 9-12 high-school grades.

Table 13 shows that in 35 states and the District of Columbia 251,406 pupils in grades 7 and 8

CHART D. FOREIGN LANGUAGE ENROLLMENTS IN GRADES 7 AND 8 OF SECONDARY SCHOOLS¹

Language Taught	Number of States		Combined Enrollments Grades 7-8		Per Cent Change
	1959	1960	1959	1960	1959 to 1960
French	27 ²	29 ²	55,458	87,543	57.9
German	15	19	5,702	7,948	39.4
Latin	20 ²	21 ²	19,847	19,356	- 2.5
Spanish	29 ²	29 ²	29,767	55,430	86.2
Other ³	8	8	4,742	2,894	-39.0
USA Totals	31 ²	31 ²	115,516	173,171	49.9

¹ These enrollments are for the 31 states for which comparable data were given in both years. For enrollments in grades 7-8 in all states which reported them in 1960, see Table 13.

² Plus the District of Columbia.

³ In 1959, "Other" languages were Hebrew, Italian, and Russian; in 1960, the same plus Japanese, Portuguese, and Unspecified.

TABLE 12. GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION¹

Per Cent Range	SPANISH	FRENCH	LATIN	GERMAN	ITALIAN	RUSSIAN
30.6 to 20.0	New Mexico Arizona California	Rhode Island Massachusetts New Hampshire Vermont Maryland Maine				
19.9 to 15.0	Texas New Jersey Nevada New York Colorado Florida	Delaware Connecticut New York North Carolina	Massachusetts Vermont			
14.9 to 10.0	Delaware Washington Pennsylvania D. of Columbia Wyoming Connecticut Illinois Kansas Alaska Idaho	New Jersey D. of Columbia Virginia Pennsylvania	Connecticut New Hampshire Delaware Rhode Island Pennsylvania Ohio D. of Columbia Virginia New Jersey Indiana Maine			
9.9 to 5.0	Oklahoma Virginia Ohio Rhode Island Oregon Maryland Michigan Indiana Nebraska Montana Missouri Tennessee Utah Massachusetts Hawaii Georgia Louisiana	South Carolina Washington Georgia California Nevada Ohio Michigan Illinois Colorado Louisiana Oregon West Virginia	Washington Colorado Illinois Wyoming Alaska Florida Kansas Michigan Maryland Tennessee New York South Carolina Oregon Georgia Montana West Virginia Wisconsin Idaho Hawaii Kentucky North Carolina Nebraska North Dakota Arizona Nevada South Dakota Texas			
4.9 to 0.5	Minnesota North Carolina South Dakota Wisconsin Alabama Iowa Arkansas Kentucky South Carolina Mississippi New Hampshire West Virginia North Dakota Vermont Maine	Montana Utah Kansas Hawaii Kentucky Missouri Florida Indiana Wyoming Alaska Alabama Tennessee Nebraska Idaho Wisconsin Arizona Minnesota Oklahoma Arkansas North Dakota Texas Mississippi New Mexico Iowa South Dakota	California Iowa Minnesota Oklahoma Missouri New Mexico Mississippi Arkansas Alabama Louisiana Utah	New Jersey Washington Utah Pennsylvania Minnesota Delaware Illinois Oregon Wisconsin South Dakota California New York North Dakota Montana Colorado D. of Columbia Idaho Rhode Island Arizona Nebraska Ohio Massachusetts Connecticut Alaska Indiana Maryland Wyoming Kansas Michigan New Mexico Iowa Kentucky Missouri Nevada Texas Virginia New Hampshire	Rhode Island New York New Jersey Massachusetts Connecticut	Oregon

¹ For exact per cents, consult Tables 5-10. No states are listed in this table with enrollments of less than one half of one per cent.

TABLE 13. FOREIGN LANGUAGE ENROLLMENTS IN SECONDARY SCHOOL GRADES 7-8, FALL 1960*

	ALL FLS			FRENCH			GERMAN			LATIN			SPANISH			OTHER FLS ¹		
	7 & 8	7	8	7 & 8	7	8	7 & 8	7	8	7 & 8	7	8	7 & 8	7	8	7 & 8	7	8
Alabama	—																	
Alaska	—																	
Arizona	?																	
Arkansas	350	134	216	71	26	45							279	108	171			
California	—																	
Colorado	10,987	5,403	5,584	3,241	1,650	1,591	309	112	197	378	60	318	6,965	3,532	3,433	94	49	45
Connecticut	—																	
Delaware	1,820	593	1,227	764	289	475	78		78	160		160	818	304	514			
D. of Columbia	3,646	170	3,476	1,357	80	1,277				1,221	27	1,194	1,068	63	1,005			
Florida	5,647	1,246	4,401	563	218	345				479	85	394	4,605	943	3,662			
Georgia	?																	
Hawaii	291	136	155										148	24	124	143	112	31
Idaho	497	190	307	21		21	73		73				403	190	213			
Illinois	25,177	11,907	13,270	9,741	4,670	5,071	957	473	484	278	105	173	13,956	6,647	7,309	245	12	233
Indiana	2,070	767	1,303	635	369	266	48		48	407	19	388	980	379	601			
Iowa	—																	
Kansas	2,353		2,353	676		676	30		30	105		105	1,542		1,542			
Kentucky	0																	
Louisiana	2,511	364	2,147	963	154	809				255		255	1,293	210	1,063			
Maine	200		200	200		200												
Maryland	9,858	4,793	5,065	7,865	4,793	3,072	353		353	751		751	889		889			
Massachusetts	22,255	7,929	14,326	14,276	5,955	8,321	52	24	28	6,579	1,307	5,272	946	518	428	42	125	277
Michigan	5,915	2,713	3,202	2,634	1,416	1,218	351	180	171	285		285	2,645	1,117	1,528			
Minnesota	1,524	606	918	177	40	137	346	162	184	82		82	919	404	515			
Mississippi	703	516	187	133	138								565	378	187			
Missouri	?																	
Montana	3,394	1,739	1,655	1,621	1,467	154	1,263	54	1,209				510	218	292			
Nebraska	1,664	755	909	26	118	163	17		17				1,366	637	729			
Nevada	—																	
New Hampshire	?																	
New Jersey	8,898	1,267	7,631	4,168	647	3,521	687	147	540	1,274	108	1,166	2,620	365	2,255	149		149
New Mexico	?																	
New York	58,640	29,496	29,144	33,433	17,493	15,940	2,042	744	1,298	4,156	1,091	3,065	16,977	9,482	7,495	2,032	686	1,346
North Carolina	3,089	1,424	1,665	2,210	1,063	1,147				110		110	769	361	408			
North Dakota	0																	
Ohio	11,936	6,184	5,752	6,960	3,814	3,146	545	391	154	1,707	432	1,275	2,701	1,547	1,154	23		23
Oklahoma	2,279	922	1,357	693	312	381				35		35	1,551	610	941			
Oregon	245	122	123	169	62	107	31	15	16				45	45				
Pennsylvania	17,727	6,587	11,140	7,913	4,139	3,774	1,884	742	1,142	3,529	246	3,283	4,304	1,460	2,844	97		97
Rhode Island	3,700	1,053	2,647	2,732	1,025	1,707				968	28	940						
South Carolina	380		380	333		333							47		47			
South Dakota	207	60	147				87	60	27	87		87	33		33			
Tennessee	—																	
Texas	31,789	15,583	16,206	801	535	266	551	295	256	985	129	856	29,452	14,624	14,828			
Utah	2,949	191	2,758	756	7	749	573	27	546	254		254	1,346	147	1,199	20	10	0
Vermont	453	274	179	453	274	179												
Virginia	?																	
Washington	1,875	712	1,163	583	262	321	335	134	201	57		57	900	316	584			
West Virginia	329	126	203	109	57	52							220	69	151			
Wisconsin	5,043	2,682	2,361	2,098	1,123	975	728	355	373	112	23	89	2,074	1,167	907	31	14	17
Wyoming	1,005	425	580	26		26				4		4	975	425	550			
U.S.A.	251,406	107,069	144,337	108,661	52,196	56,465	11,340	3,915	7,425	24,258	3,660	20,598	103,911	46,290	57,621	3,236	1,008	2,228

* The following symbols are used above:

0 There were no enrollments.

¹ Enrollments were not available.

? The data did not distinguish between 0 and —.

¹ In the following states there is only one other language: Colorado, Russian; Hawaii, Japanese; Massachusetts, Italian; Ohio, Portuguese; Utah, Russian; and Wisconsin, Russian. In New Jersey, other languages are Italian, 55, and Russian, 94. In New York, other languages are Hebrew, 111, Italian, 326, Russian, 72, and unspecified, 177, in grade 7; the same with enrollments of 94, 227, 18, and 1007, in grade 8.

were enrolled in foreign-language classes in the fall of 1960. A comparison with 1959 enrollments in the 31 states for which we have reliable and comparable data for both years shows national increases (grades 7 and 8) from 115,516 to 173,171, or 49.9 per cent. Spanish showed the greatest per cent of gains, from 29,767 to 55,430,

or 86.2 per cent. Next in per cent of gains, but highest in actual numbers, was French, which increased from 55,458 to 87,543 or 57.9 per cent. German increased from 5,702 to 7,948 or 39.4 per cent. Other languages showed a percentage loss, including Latin, which went from 19,847 to 19,356, or a loss of 2.5 per cent.